

Flag Definitions



Rainbow Flag: *The rainbow flag, commonly known as the gay pride flag or LGBTQ pride flag, is a symbol of lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, and queer pride and LGBTQ social movements.*

Always has red at the top and violet at the bottom. It represents the diversity of gays and lesbians around the world.



Bisexual Pride Flag: *Bisexuality is romantic attraction, sexual attraction, or sexual behaviour toward both males and females, or to more than one sex or gender.*

Pink represents sexual attraction to the same sex only (gay and lesbian).

Blue represents sexual attraction to the opposite sex only (Straight).

Purple represents sexual attraction to both sexes (bi). The key to understanding the symbolism of the Bisexual flag is to know that the purple pixels of colour blend unnoticeably into both pink and blue, just as in the "real world" where bi people blend unnoticeably into both the gay/lesbian and straight communities.



Transgender Pride Flag: *Transgender people have a gender identity or gender expression that differs from their assigned sex.*

Blue stripes at top and bottom is the traditional colour for baby boys.

Pink stripes next to them are the traditional colour for baby girls.

White stripe in the middle is for people that are nonbinary, feel that they don't have a gender.

The pattern is such that no matter which way you fly it, it is always correct, signifying us finding correctness in our lives.



Intersex Pride Flag: *Intersex people are those who do not exhibit all the biological characteristics of male or female, or exhibit a combination of characteristics, at birth.*

The circle represents "unbroken and unornamented, symbolising wholeness and completeness, and our potentialities. We are still fighting for bodily autonomy and genital integrity, and this symbolises the right to be who and how we want to be".



Asexual Pride Flag: *Asexuality is the lack of sexual attraction to others, or low or absent interest in or desire for sexual activity. It may be considered a sexual orientation or the lack thereof.*

Black stripe represents asexuality.

Grey stripe represents grey-asexuality and demi-sexuality.

White represents non-asexual partners and allies

Purple stripe represents the community.



Agender Pride Flag: *A person who does not identify themselves as having a particular gender.*

Black and white stripes represent the lack of gender.

Grey stripes represent people who are semi-genderless, which falls in between identifying with a gender and being agender.



Gender Fluid Pride Flag: *Gender fluid is a gender identity which refers to a gender which varies over time. A gender fluid person may at any time identify as male, female, neutrois, or any other non-binary identity, or some combination of identities.*

This flag represents the fluctuations and the flexibility of gender in gender fluid people.

Pink which represents femininity or feeling female.

White represents the lack of gender, including agender, or gender neutral.

Purple represents a combination of masculinity and femininity including various degrees of androgyny.

Black represents all other genders, third genders, and pangender.

Blue represents masculinity or feeling male.



Genderqueer Pride Flag: *Genderqueer, is a spectrum of gender identities that are not exclusively masculine or feminine—identities that are outside the gender binary. Non-binary people may identify as having two or more genders; having no gender; moving between genders or having a fluctuating gender identity; or being third gender or other-gendered, a category that includes those who do not place a name to their gender.*

Lavender is the mixture of blue and pink (traditional colours associated with men and women, present on the [transgender pride flag](#)) as lavender is meant to represent androgynes and androgyny. Also represents the “queer” in genderqueer, as lavender is a colour that has long been associated with “queerness” , including gay, lesbian, and bisexual communities.

White is meant to represent agender identity, congruent with the gender-neutral white on the transgender pride flag.

Dark chartreuse green, the inverse of lavender; meant to represent those whose identities which are defined outside of and without reference to the binary.



Non-binary Pride Flag: *Non-binary, also known as genderqueer, is a spectrum of gender identities that are not exclusively masculine or feminine—identities that are outside the gender binary. Non-binary people may identify as having two or more genders; having no gender; moving between genders or having a fluctuating gender identity; or being third gender or other-gendered, a category that includes those who do not place a name to their gender.*

The nonbinary pride flag is a flag that could represent nonbinary folk who did not feel that the genderqueer. This flag was intended to go alongside the genderqueer flag rather than replace it.

Yellow represents those whose gender exists outside of and without reference to the binary as yellow is often used to distinguish something as its own.

White represents those who have many or all genders as white is the photological presence of colour and/or light.

Purple stripe represents those who feel their gender is between or a mix of female and male as purple is the mix of traditional boy and girl colours. The purple also could be seen as representing the fluidity and uniqueness of nonbinary people.

Black stripe represents those who feel they are without gender, as black is the photological absence of colour and/or light.



Pansexual Pride Flag: *Pansexuality is the sexual, romantic or emotional attraction towards people regardless of their sex or gender identity.*

Blue represents those who identify within the male spectrum (regardless of biological sex).

Pink represents those who identify within the female spectrum (regardless of biological sex).

Yellow represents non-binary attraction such as androgynous, agender, bigender and genderfluid people.



Polysexual Pride Flag: *Polysexuality is sexual attraction to multiple, but not all, genders. A polysexual person is one "encompassing or characterized by many different kinds of sexuality.*

The colours and design of the polysexual flag are based on the pansexual and bisexual pride flags, borrowing the pink and blue, and replacing the yellow and purple stripes with a green one.

Pink represents attraction to female-identified people.

Green represents attraction to people who identify outside the traditional male-female binary.

Blue represents attraction to male-identified people.